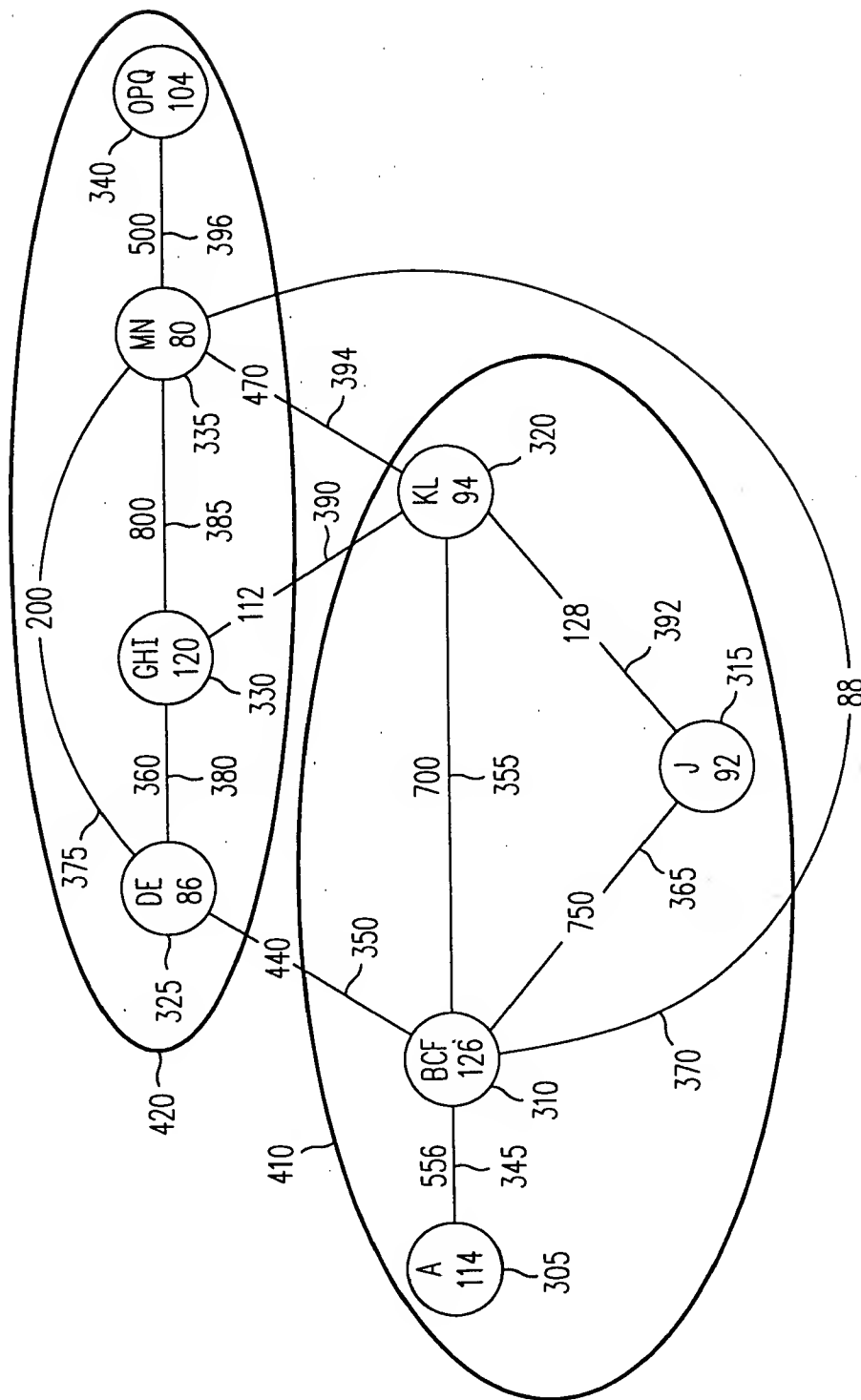


$G_2 n2 = 512$ bytes (not realistic)

FIG. 3

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a continuous function and that it satisfies the functional equation $f(x+y) = f(x) + f(y)$. The function $f(x)$ is also shown to be differentiable and its derivative is found to be $f'(x) = f(x)$.



$G_2 n_2 = 512$ bytes (not realistic)

FIG. 4

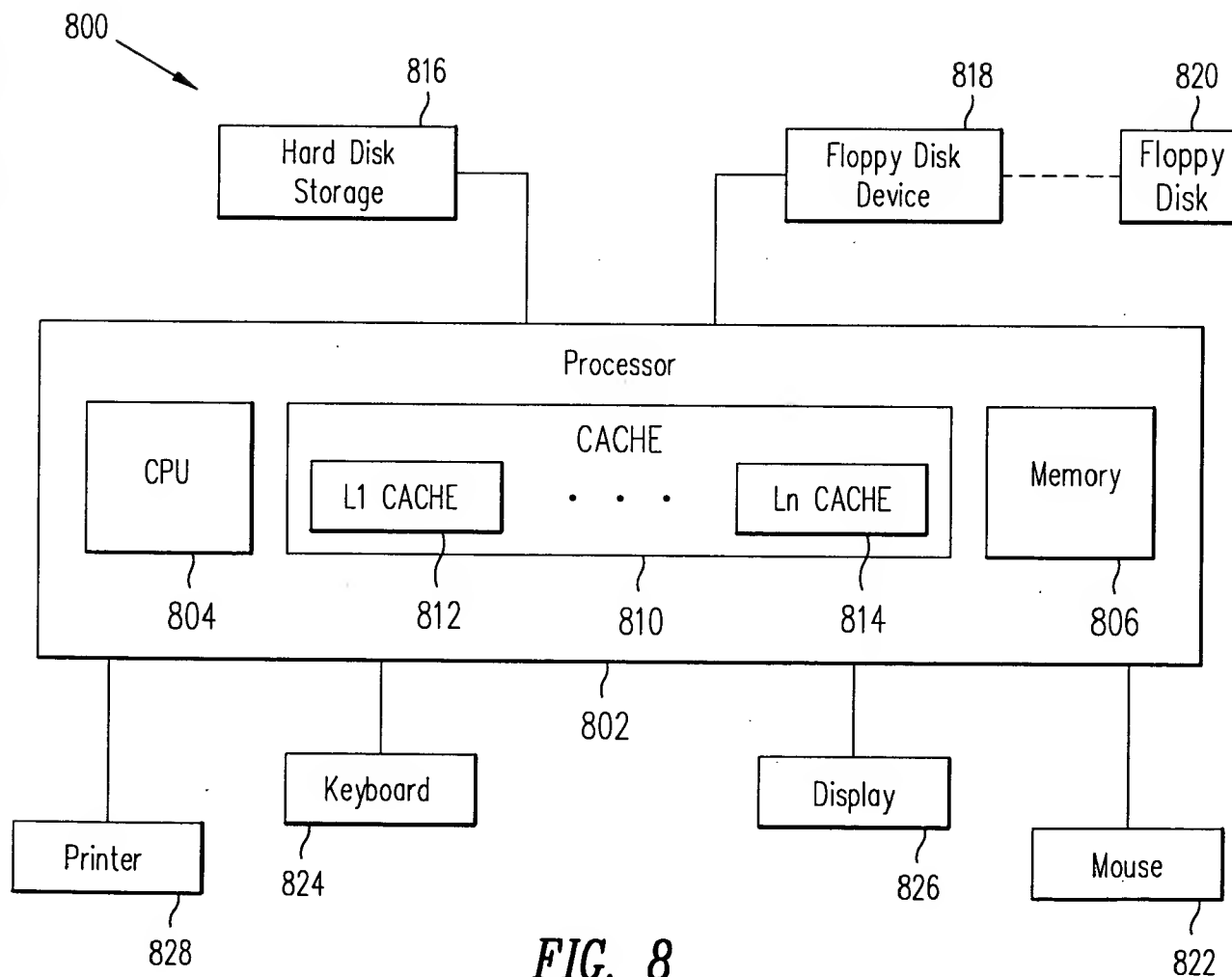
520 — (DEGHIMNOPQ)

1110

530

510 — (ABCFJKL)

G_3



Determine memory hierarchy parameters

Profile the target program
(Identify basic blocks, control flow, & transition frequencies)

Construct Program Execution Graph,
o weighted undirected graph comprising nodes representing basic blocks & edges representing transfer of control between pairs of basic blocks. Weight of a node is size of represented basic block. Weight of an edge is frequency of transition between the pair of basic blocks it connects.

FIG. 6o

FIG. 6b

Key to
FIG. 6

$$i = 1$$

N_1 = smallest power of 2 multiple of
cache line size \rightarrow all basic block sizes

Portion PEG such that
all clusters have size $\leq N_1$

Pad clusters with unexecuted nodes & if any unexecuted nodes cannot be included in existing clusters, then create new clusters of only unexecuted nodes using bin packing

Create next level PEG from
level 1 partitioned PEG

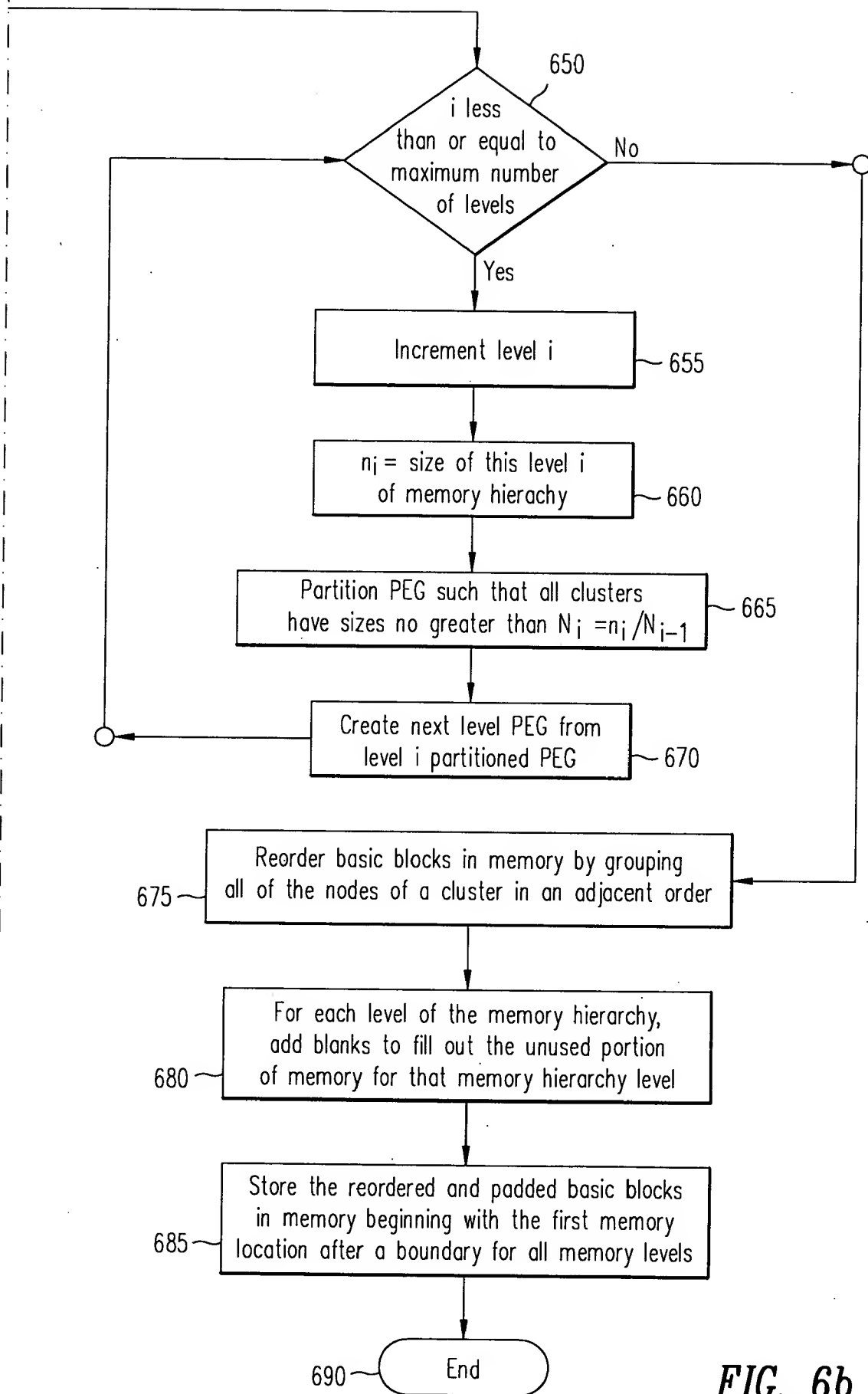


FIG. 6b

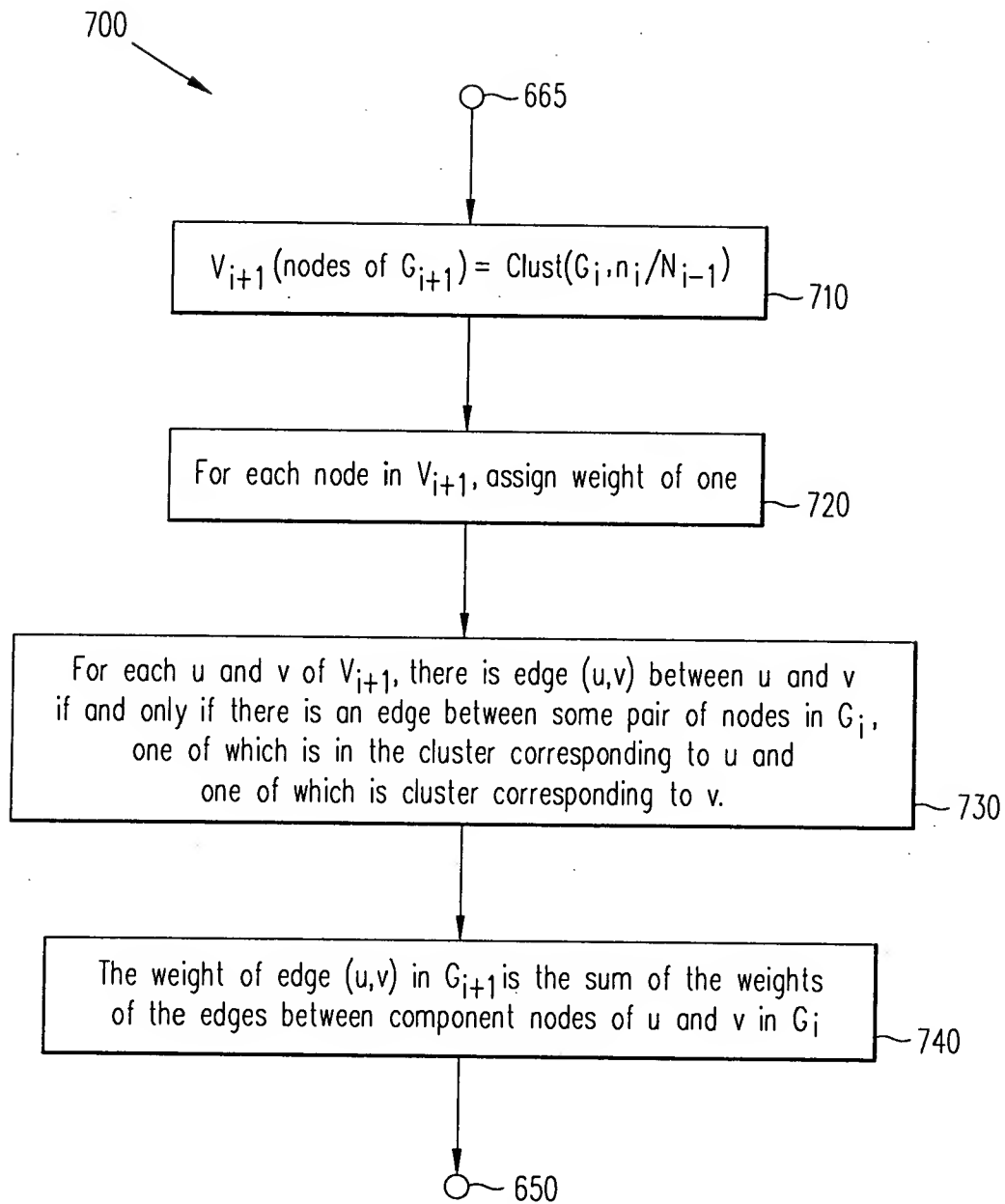


FIG. 7